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ANM- (CH-7)

Community Health Nursing

ANM/CHN Chapter -7.

Dynamics of Community

Acc to Morris Ginsberg: "Social processes are the various modes of social interaction b/w individuals or groups including co-operation & conflict, social differentiation & integration, development arrest & decay".

Elements of Social Process

Sequence of events

↳ Repetition of events

↳ Relationship b/w events

↳ Continuity of events

↳ Special social results.

Human Rights

- ① Individual :- apply to human persons
- ② Inalienable :- inherently inviolable
- ③ Fundamental :- Basic for human beings
- ④ Universal :- independent of time & space
- ⑤ Egalitarian :- equal treatment of all.
- ⑥ Regardless of collective status (e.g. ethnic, sexual, linguistic, or religious).

Seven Fundamental Rights

- ① Right to Equality
- ② Right to Freedom
- ③ Right against Exploitation
- ④ Rights to Freedom of Religion
- ⑤ Cultural & Educational Rights
- ⑥ Rights to Constitutional Remedies
- ⑦ Right to Privacy.

The Economic & Social Principles of Directive

Principles of state Policy

- ① Providing adequate Means of livelihood For Both men & Women.
- ② Reorganizing the economic system in a way to avoid
- ③ Securing equal pay For equal work For Both Men & women.
- ④ Securing suitable employment & Healthy working conditions For men, women & children.
- ⑤ Guarding the children against exploitation & Moral degradation.
- ⑥ Making effective provisions For securing the Right to work, education & public assistance in case of unemployment, old age, sickness & disablement
- ⑦ Securing For all the workers | Reasonable leisure & cultural opportunities.

Stages of Socialization

- ① The oral stage
- ② Anal stage
- ③ Adolescence stage
- ④ Oedipal stage
- ⑤ Latency stage.

Major Premises of Stratification

Power! - The ability to impose one's will on others



Prestige! - the respect given by others



Property! - Forms of wealth.

Caste System

- ① Brahmins
- ② Kshatriyas
- ③ Vaisyas
- ④ Shudras

Difference Btw caste & class

caste	class
① Basis of caste - birth	Basis of class - May be education, profession, Business or religions
② Profession - pre-determined	Profession - NOT pre-determined
③ closed category	open category
④ unchangeable	can be changed
⑤ Marriages occur within the caste	Freedom of Marriage in class.
⑥ Permanent	changes according to situation
⑦ Rule of stratification fixed	Rule of stratification are NOT fixed.

Characteristics of Healthy Family

Commitment :- It is important that all members of a family are committed to the family & to one another.

Time Together :- Healthy families are the ones that spend time together.

Communication :- Involves listening to & supporting one another.

Appreciation :- Members of a family respect one another & appreciate what each member of the family contributes.

Spirituality :- Teach their children right from the start & present good examples of behaviour for their children. Also, important for parents to teach their children how to make moral choices for themselves as they mature.

Coping Skills :-

Healthy families are able to deal with crisis situations that may occur.

Stages of Family Life Cycle

Stages of Formation :-

→ When young men & women marry to begin the formation of their family

Stage of growth :- when children are born & the family size increases.

Stage of Retraction :-

• When children grow up & leave their family of origin to form their own

Stages of Disintegration

• When the death of one or both parents disintegrates the family

Types of Families

- ① Nuclear Family
- ② Single Parent Family
- ③ Extended Family
- ④ Childless Family
- ⑤ Step Family
- ⑥ Grandparent Family

Marriage

Marriage is the legally or formally recognized union of two people as partners in a personal relationship.

Characteristics of Marriage

Universality :- Universal Institution

Ownership :- Taking Responsibility

Hope :- Believing that Good Ultimately Triumphs.

Empathy :- walking in your spouse's shoes

Forgiveness :- Healing the wounds

commitment :- Loving for life

Types of Marriage :-

- ① Monogamy
- ② Polygamy
- ③ Polyandry
- ④ Endogamy
- ⑤ Marriage → exogamy
- ⑥ Hypergamy
- ⑦ Hypogamy or Pratiloma

Problems Related to Marriage

- ① Lower status of women
- ② Dowry system
- ③ Caste & Social class Problems

- (4) Financial stress
- (5) Communication & Generation Gap
- (6) Marriage Maladjustment
- (7) Domestic Violence
- (8) Gender Inequality
- (9) Divorce

Provisions of the Law

- (1) Prevention
- (2) Protection
- (3) Prosecution of offenders.

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